



## **SAW Components**

### **SAW RF filter**

Short range devices

<b>Series/type:</b>	<b>B3576</b>
<b>Ordering code:</b>	<b>B39321B3576U310</b>
<b>Date:</b>	<b>April 01, 2008</b>
<b>Version:</b>	<b>2.0</b>



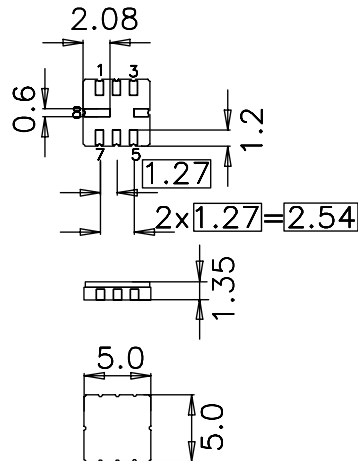
**Application**

- Low-loss RF filter for remote control receivers
- Balanced and unbalanced operation possible



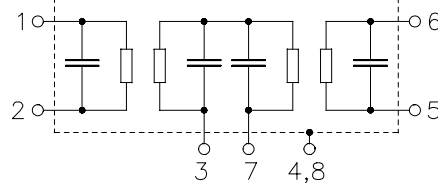
**Features**

- Package size 5.0 x 5.0 x 1.35 mm<sup>3</sup>
- Package code QCC8C
- RoHS compatible
- Approximate weight 0.1 g
- Package for **Surface Mount Technology (SMT)**
- Ni, gold-plated terminals
- Lead free soldering compatible with J - STD20C
- Passivation layer Protec
- AEC-Q200 qualified component family
- **Electrostatic Sensitive Device (ESD)**



**Pin configuration**

- 1 Input
- 2 Input ground or balanced input
- 5 Output
- 6 Output ground or balanced output
- 7 External coupling coil
- 4, 8 Case-Ground
- 3 to be grounded




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**315.00 MHz**
**Data sheet**

**Characteristics**

Temperature range for specification:	T = -40 °C to +95 °C
Terminating source impedance:	Z <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω and matching network
Terminating load impedance:	Z <sub>L</sub> = 50 Ω and matching network

		min.	typ. @ 25 °C	max.	
<b>Center frequency</b> (center frequency between 3 dB points)	f <sub>C</sub>	—	315.00	—	MHz
<b>Minimum insertion attenuation</b> 314.90 ... 315.10 MHz (including loss in matching coils)	α <sub>min</sub>	—	3.3	4.8	dB
<b>Amplitude ripple (p-p)</b> 314.92 ... 315.08 MHz		—	0.7	2.0	dB
314.90 ... 315.10 MHz		—	1.0	3.0	dB
<b>Relative attenuation (relative to α<sub>min</sub>)</b>	α <sub>rel</sub>				
10.00 ... 230.00 MHz		65	70	—	dB
230.00 ... 290.00 MHz		40	45	—	dB
290.00 ... 310.00 MHz		50	55	—	dB
310.00 ... 314.10 MHz		42	47	—	dB
315.90 ... 317.00 MHz		21	26	—	dB
317.00 ... 322.00 MHz		38	43	—	dB
322.00 ... 1000.00 MHz		55	60	—	dB
<b>Impedance for pass band matching<sup>1)</sup></b>					
Input: Z <sub>IN</sub> = R <sub>IN</sub>    C <sub>IN</sub>		—	470    2.0	—	Ω    pF
Output: Z <sub>OUT</sub> = R <sub>OUT</sub>    C <sub>OUT</sub>		—	470    2.0	—	Ω    pF
<b>Temperature coefficient of frequency<sup>2)</sup></b>	TC <sub>f</sub>	—	-0,03	—	ppm/K <sup>2</sup>
<b>Frequency inversion point</b>	T <sub>0</sub>	10	—	40	°C

1) Impedance for passband matching bases on an ideal, perfect matching of the SAW filter to source- and to load impedance (here 50 Ohm). After removal of the SAW filter the input impedance of the input and output matching network is calculated. The conjugate complex value of these characteristic impedances are the input and output impedances for flat passband. For more details we refer to EPCOS application note #4.

2) Temperature dependance of f<sub>C</sub>: f<sub>C</sub>(T<sub>A</sub>) = f<sub>C</sub>(T<sub>0</sub>) (1 + TC<sub>f</sub>(T<sub>A</sub> - T<sub>0</sub>)<sup>2</sup>)

**Maximum ratings**

Operable temperature range	T <sub>A</sub>	-45/+125	°C	
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-45/+125	°C	
DC voltage	V <sub>DC</sub>	6	V	
Source power	P <sub>S</sub>	10	dBm	source impedance 50 Ω
Source power	P <sub>S</sub>	12	dBm	duty cycle 1:10

Please read *cautions and warnings and important notes* at the end of this document.



SAW Components

B3576

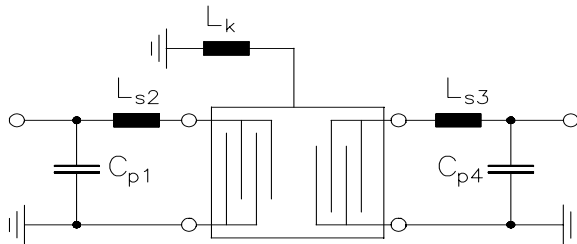
SAW RF filter

315.00 MHz

Data sheet



Matching network to 50  $\Omega$  (element values depend on pcb layout and equivalent circuit)



$$C_{p1} = 1.2 \text{ pF}$$

$$L_{s2} = 82 \text{ nH}$$

$$L_{s3} = 82 \text{ nH}$$

$$C_{p4} = 1.2 \text{ pF}$$

$$L_k = 56 \text{ nH}$$

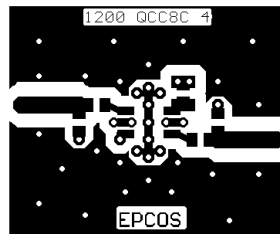
### Minimising the crosstalk

For a good ultimate rejection a low crosstalk is necessary. Low crosstalk can be realised with a good RF layout. The major crosstalk mechanism is caused by the “ground-loop” problem.

Grounding loops are created if input- and output transducer GND are connected on the top-side of the PCB and fed to the system grounding plane by a common via hole. To avoid the common ground path, the ground pin of the input- and output transducer are fed to the system ground plane (bottom PCB plane) by their own via hole. The transducers' grounding pins should be isolated from the upper grounding plane.

A common GND inductivity of 0.5nH degrades the ultimate rejection (crosstalk) by 20dB.

The optimised PCB layout, including matching network for transformation to 50 Ohm, is shown here. In this PCB layout the grounding loops are minimised to realise good ultimate rejection



Optimised PCB layout for SAW filters in QCC8C package, pinning 1,5 (top side, scale 1:1)

The bottom side is a copper plane (system ground area). The input and output grounding pins are isolated and connected to the common ground by separated via holes.

For good contact of the upper grounding area with the lower side it is necessary to place enough via holes.

**ESD protection of SAW filters**

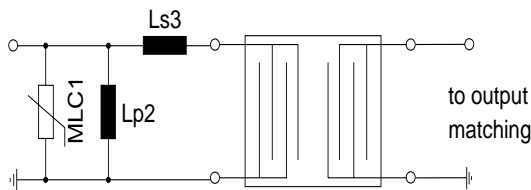
SAW filters are **E**lectro **S**tatic **D**ischarge sensitive devices. To reduce the probability of damages caused by ESD, special matching topologies have to be applied.

In general, “ESD matching” has to be ensured at that filter port, where electrostatic discharge is expected.

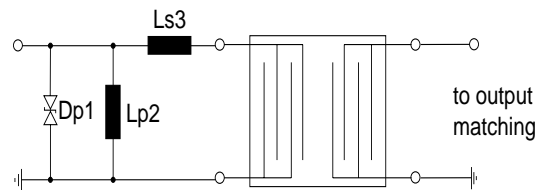
Electrostatic discharges predominantly appear at the antenna input of RF receivers. Therefore only the input matching of the SAW filter has to be designed to short circuit or to block the ESD pulse.

Below two figures show recommended “ESD matching” topologies.

Depending on the input impedance of the SAW filter and the source impedance, the needed component values have to be determined from case to case.

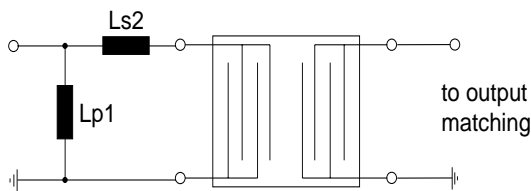


**Fig. 1 MLC varistor plus ESD matching**

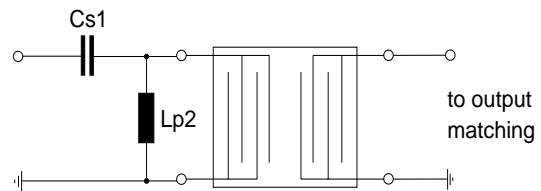


**Fig. 2 Suppressor diode plus ESD matching**

In cases where minor ESD occur, following simplified “ESD matching” topologies can be used alternatively.



**Fig. 3 shunt L – series L matching**



**Fig. 4 series C – shunt L matching**

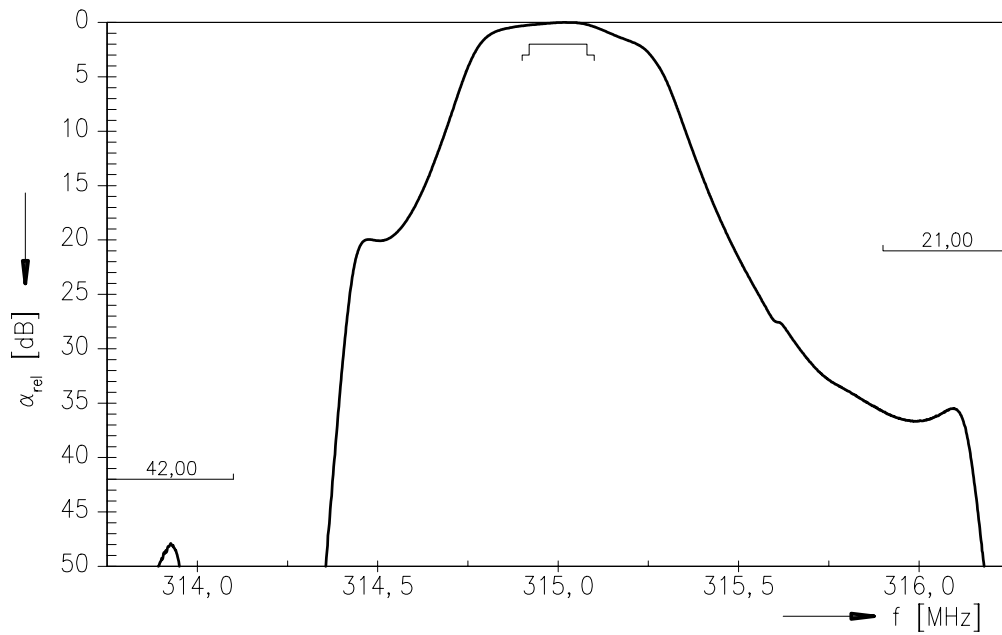
Effectiveness of the applied ESD protection has to be checked according to relevant industry standards or customer specific requirements.

For further information, please refer to EPCOS Application report:

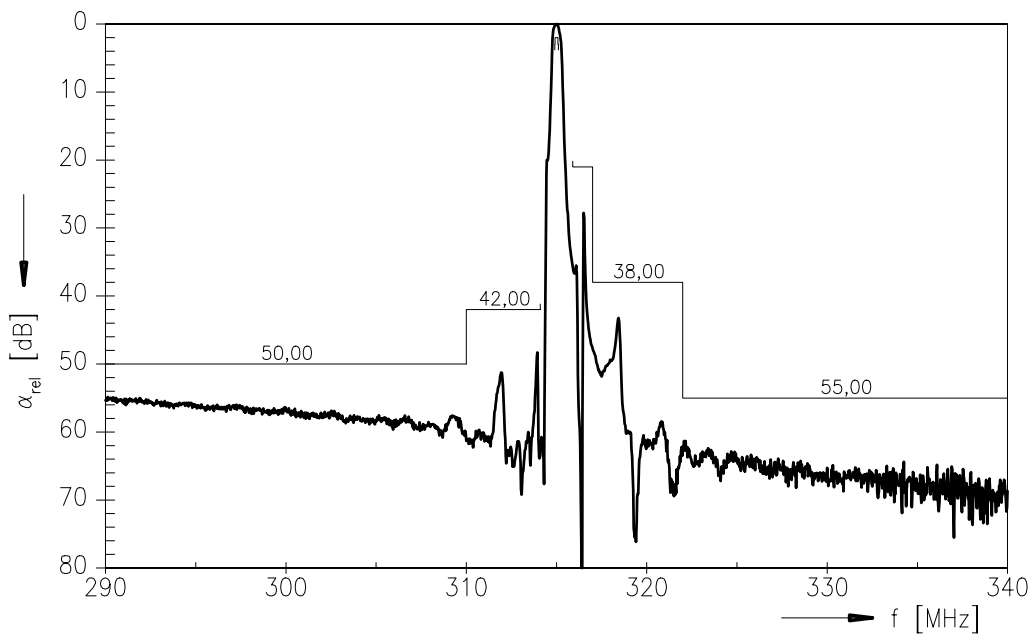
“**ESD protection for SAW filters**”. This report can be found under [www.epcos.com/rke](http://www.epcos.com/rke). Click on “data sheets” and then “Applications” under category “Further information”.



Normalized frequency response



Normalized frequency response (wideband)





SAW Components

B3576

SAW RF filter

315.00 MHz

Data sheet



## References

Type	B3576
Ordering code	B39321B3576U310
Marking and package	C61157-A7-A56
Packaging	F61074-V8169-Z000
Date codes	L_1126
S-parameters	B3576_NB.s2p B3576_WB.s2p
Soldering profile	S_6001
RoHS compatible	defined as compatible with the following documents: "DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment. 2005/618/EC from April 18th, 2005, amending Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council for the purposes of establishing the maximum concentration values for certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment."

For further information please contact your local EPCOS sales office or visit our webpage at [www.epcos.com](http://www.epcos.com).

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